Structures of 21 New Polytypes of Cadmium Iodide

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Abstract. The structures of 21 new polytypes of CdI₂ obtained from solutions are presented: 4 hexagonal polytypes: $12H_{10}$: f5tf4f2of1; $16H_{11}$: $tf5tf4(f2f1)_{2};$ $20H_{15}$: $(tf 2f 1)_2 tf 2of 1;$ $22H_{0}$: f 5f 1f 1f 5f 1of 1f 2f 2f 1f 1; and 17 rhombohedral polytypes: $36R_8$: tf 5 f 4 f 2 o f 1; $36R_9$: f 5 f 4 f 2 o f 2 f 4; $42R_4$: $f^{2}f^{2}f^{4}f^{2}of^{1}t;$ $42R_{5}$: f5f1of1f2f1t; $42R_{6}$ $f^{2}(o)_{2}f^{2}f^{4}(t)_{2};$ $48R_6$: $f5f1f1(t)_2f2f1t$; 48R -: $f5(t)_2 f \, 1f \, 1f \, 2f \, 1t; \quad 54R_8: \quad f \, 2f \, 2f \, 1f \, 1(t)_3 f \, 2f \, 1; \quad 60R_4:$ $f5f1f1f5f1(o)_4f1; 60R_5: f5f1(o)_2f1f2f1(t)_3; 60R_6:$ $f5f1f1tf2f1tf2of1; 66R_4: f2f2f1of1(t)_6; 66R_5:$ $f2of2f4f2(o)_2f1(t)_3$; $66R_6$: $(f5f1f1)_2f2f1f2of1$; 66R₇: *f*5*f*1*f*1*f*5*f*1*f*2*f*1*f*1*f*2*of*1; 84R₆: $f 2of 2f 4(t)_4 f 2(o)_5 f 1t; 108R_2; f 5f 4f 5(t)_{11} f 4(t)_3.$

Experimental. The crystals of CdI, were grown from alcoholic solutions by slow evaporation at room temperature (Gierlotka & Pałosz, 1983). They were examined by X-rays in a cylindrical camera with a 43 mm radius and 0.7 mm collimator. The a^* -axis oscillations were used with the angle between the incident beam (Ni-filtered Cu K radiation) and the c axis varying between 21 and 36° (Pałosz & Gierlotka, 1984). The intensities of 10.l and $1\overline{1}.l$ reflections (they correspond to 10.l and $10.\overline{l}$ reflections used earlier: Pałosz & Gierlotka, 1984) were measured on the patterns and compared with the values computed from the formula commonly used for CdI₂ crystals (Jain & Trigunayat, 1978). The diagrams presented in Figs. 1-21 compare the measured and calculated intensities for 10.*l* and $1\overline{1}$.*l* reflections in the range $2.5 \le l/N \le 3.5$, were N is the number of iodine layers in a polytype cell.[†]

The identification of polytypes was based on the division of polytypes into structural series and into groups of symmetry of the patterns (Pałosz, 1982). To construct the structural models of the polytypes under investigation the rules of construction of the cells found earlier were used (Pałosz, 1983*a*).

Discussion. The structures of 21 new polytypes of CdI_2 are given in Table 1 where the sequences of t-o-f layers in the cells are presented. In this table the growth

Table	1.	Structure	and	growth	conditions	of	21	new
		P	olyty	pes of C	dI,	-		

Ramsdell*							
symbol	<i>t</i> - <i>o</i> - <i>f</i> notation of a cell	Solvent [†]	Series				
Hexagonal polytypes							
$12H_{10}$	$\int 5t \int 4 \int 2o \int 1$	ia	SII/SIII-1				
$16H_{11}$	(f5)(f4)(f2)(f1),	pr + aq = 1:1	I SI/SIII-1				
20H15	$(tf2f1)_2 tf2of1$	ia	(SII) ₃				
22 <i>H</i> ,	f5f1f1f5f1of1f2f2f1f1	ia	$(SIV-4)_2/SIV-2$				
Rhombohedral polytypes							
36R ₈	(f5f4f2of1)	ia	SII/SIV-I				
36R,	f5f4f2of2f4	ia	SIV-1/SIV-3				
$42R_4$	$f^2 f^2 f^4 f^2 of 1t$	ia	SIV-3/SII				
42R,‡	f5f1of1f2f1t	aq	SIV-2/SII				
42R ₆	$f^{2}(o)_{2}f^{2}f^{4}(t)_{2}$	et	SIV-3				
48R ₆ ‡	$f5f1f1(t)_2f2f1t$	aq	SIV-2/SII				
48R,	$f5(t)_2 f1f1f2f1t$	pr + aq = 1:1	SIV-4/SII				
54R ₈ §	$f^{2}f^{2}f^{1}f^{1}(t)_{3}f^{2}f^{1}$	aq	SIV-2/SII				
$60R_4$	$f5f1f1f5f1(o)_4f1$	ib + aq = 1:1	$(SIV-4)_2$				
60R,	$f5f1(o)_2f1f2f1(t)_3$	ia	SIV-4/SII				
60R ₆	f5f1f1tf2f1tf2of1	ia	$SIV-4/(SII)_2$				
66 <i>R</i> ₄	$f^{2}f^{2}f^{1}of^{1}(t)_{6}$	et	SIV-2				
66R,	$f2of2f4f2(o)_2f1(t)_3$	ib + aq = 1:1	SIV-3/SII				
66R ₆	$(f5f1f1)_{2}f2f1f2of1$	ia	$(SIV-4)_2/SIV-2$				
66R7	f5f1f1f5f1f2f1f1f2of1	ia	$(SIV-4)_2/SI$				
84R ₆ §	$f2of2f4(t)_4f2(o)_3f1t$	et + aq = 1:3	SIV-3/SII				
$108R_{2}^{+}$	$f5f4f5(t)_{11}f4(t)_{3}$	et + aq = 1:1	SIV-1/SIII-I				

* The indices of Ramsdell symbols are after Chadha (1982), Chaudhary, Chadha & Trigunayat (1983), Pałosz (1983*a,b,c*), Pałosz & Gierlotka (1984) and Gierlotka & Pałosz (1984).

† aq = water; et = ethanol C_2H_3OH ; pr = propanol $CH_3CH_2CH_2OH$; ib = isobutyl alcohol (2-methylpropanol) $(CH_3)_2CHCH_2OH$; ia = isoamyl alcohol (3-methyl-1-butanol) $(CH_3)_2CHCH_2CH_2OH$.

‡ Crystals obtained in an external electric field (Pałosz & Przedmojski, 1982a).

§ Crystals obtained in an external magnetic field (Pałosz & Przedmojski, 1982b).

conditions for the polytypes identified are also given. The Zhdanov symbols corresponding to these t-o-f sequences are given in Figs. 1-21.

As is well known, several different polytypes frequently occur on one face of a crystal. By now we have identified the structures of several series of hexagonal polytypes coexisting with other hexagonal and/or rhombohedral polytypes:

$16H_{11}$	$tf5tf4(f2f1)_2$ and
$48R_{7}^{-1}$	$tf5(t)_{2}f1f1f2f1;$
30R	$(t)_{2}f1f1f5$ and
$48R_{6}^{1}$	$(t)_2 f 1 f 1 f 5 t f 1 f 2;$

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[†]Oscillation diagrams and digital data may be obtained on request.



 $36R_8$ f5f4f2of1t. On this basis the possible mechanisms for the transitions between different polytypes during the growth of the crystals and/or during solid-state transformations are now being investigated.

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